

# SAMPLE PAPERS

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FOR STUDENTS CURRENTLY IN CLASS 10<sup>th</sup> 2 Year Program NEET

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## Sample Paper – 2 Year Medical Program

## **Vidyamandir Intellect Quest Test**

#### **Duration: 2.5 Hrs**

#### Maximum Marks: 360

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- The paper contains 90 Objective Type Questions divided into four sections: Section I (Physics), Section II (Chemistry), Section III (Biology) and Section IV (Mental Ability).
- Section-I, II and III contain 25 Multiple Choice Questions each and Section-IV contains 15 Multiple Choice Questions. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLYONE CHOICE is correct.

#### **MARKING SCHEME:**

• For each question in Section-I, II, III and IV, **4 marks** will be awarded for correct answer and **-1 negative marking** for incorrect answers.

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- For answering a question, an **ANSWER SHEET (OMR SHEET)** is provided separately. Please fill your **Name, Roll Number, Seat ID, Date of Birth** and the **PAPER CODE** properly in the space provided in the **ANSWER SHEET.** IT IS YOUR OWN RESPONSIBILITY TO FILL THE OMR SHEET CORRECTLY.
- The use of log tables, calculator and any other electronic device is strictly prohibited.
- Violating the examination room discipline will immediately lead to the cancellation of your paper and no excuses will be entertained.
- No one will be permitted to leave the examination hall before the end of the test.
- Please submit both the question paper and the answer sheet to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

#### SUGGESTIONS:

- Before starting the paper, spend 2-2.5 minutes to check whether all the pages are in order and report any issue to the invigilator immediately.
- Try to attempt the Sections in their respective order.
- Do not get stuck on a particular question for more than 1.5 2 minutes. Move on to a new question as there are 90 questions to solve.

## SECTION - I [PHYSICS]

1. The relation between magnification m, the object position u and focal length f of the mirror is:

(A) 
$$m = \frac{f - u}{f}$$
 (B)  $m = \frac{f}{f - u}$  (C)  $m = \frac{f + u}{f}$  (D)  $m = \frac{f}{f + u}$ 

2.  $v_1$  is velocity of light in first medium,  $v_2$  is velocity of light in second medium, then refractive index of second medium with respect to first medium is:

(A)  $v_1/v_2$  (B)  $v_2/v_1$  (C)  $\sqrt{v_1/v_2}$  (D)  $\sqrt{v_2/v_1}$ 

**3.** A convex lens has a focal length f. It is cut into two parts along the dotted line as shown in the figure. The focal length of each part will be:

(A) 
$$\frac{f}{2}$$
 (B)  $f$  (C)  $\frac{3}{2}f$  (D)  $2f$ 

- 4. The ratio of the refractive index of red light to blue light in air is:
  - (A) Less than unity
  - (**B**) Equal to unity
  - (C) Greater than unity
  - (D) Less as well as greater than unity depending upon the experimental arrangement
- 5. The refractive index of glass and water with respect to air are 3/2 and 4/3 respectively. The refractive index of glass with respect to water is:

(A) 8/9 (B) 9/8 (C) 2 (D) 1/2

If  $\mu_j$  represents refractive index when a light ray goes from medium *i* to medium *j*, then the product

6.

$$_{2}\mu_{1} \times _{3}\mu_{2} \times _{4}\mu_{3}$$
 is equal to:

(A)  $_{3}\mu_{1}$  (B)  $_{3}\mu_{2}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{\mu}$  (D)  $_{4}\mu_{2}$ 

- 7. What is the basic reason for the shining of a diamond?
  - (A) Reflection (B) Refraction
  - (C) Dispersion of light (D) Total internal reflection

8.

Ray goes from denser medium to rarer medium and  $i < i_c$ **(A) (B)** Ray goes from denser medium to rarer medium and  $i > i_c$ **(C)** Ray goes from rarer medium to denser medium and  $i > i_c$ **(D)** Ray goes from rarer medium to denser medium and  $i < i_c$ 9. A convex lens of focal length A and a concave lens of focal length B are placed in contact. The focal length of the combination is:  $\frac{AB}{(A+B)}$  (D) **(C) (A)** A + B**(B)** (A - B)10. Near and far points of a human eye are: 25 cm and 50 cm zero and 25 cm **(A) (B)** 50 cm and 100 cm 25 cm and infinite **(C) (D**) 11. Which of the following is used in optical fibres? Scattering Total internal reflection **(B) (A) (C)** Diffraction (**D**) Refraction 12. A plane glass slab is kept over various coloured letters; the letter which appears least raised is: blue **(B)** violet  $(\mathbf{C})$ **(D) (A)** green red A convex lens is making full image of an object. If half of lens is covered by an opaque object, then: 13. **(A)** half image is not seen **(B)** full image of same intensity is seen full image of decreased intensity is seen (D) **(C)** half image of same intensity is seen 14. When a thin convex lens is put in contact with a thin concave lens of the same focal length (f), the resultant combination has a focal length equal to: 0 (A) f/2 **(B)** 2f**(C) (D)**  $\infty$ 15. A convex lens is made up of three different materials as shown in the figure. For a point object placed on its axis, the number of images formed is: (A) 1 **(B)** 3 (**C**) 4 **(D**) 5 16. Myopia is the defect of vision due to which a person finds difficulty in seeing distant objects (**B**) near objects objects at all distances (D) (A) **(C)** colours 17. Loss of the ability of eye to focus on near and far objects with advancing age is called Presbyopia Hypermetropia (D) **(A) (B)** Astigmatism **(C)** Myopia 18. Astigmatism can be corrected by (A) **Bifocal lenses (B)** Cylindrical lenses **(C)** Concave lenses **(D)** Plano-convex lenses

Total internal reflection of a ray of light is possible when the ( $i_c$  = critical angle, i = angle of incidence)

19. A normal eye is not able to see objects closer than 25 cm because The focal length of the eye is 25 cm **(A) (B)** The distance of the retina form the eye lens is 25 cm **(C)** The eye is not able to decrease the distance between the eye lens and the retina beyond a limit **(D)** The eye is not able to decrease the focal length beyond a limit 20. Myopia can be removed by using a lens of (A) concave lens **(B)** convex lens **(C)** cylindrical lens (**D**) by surgical removal 21. 'Mirage' is a phenomenon due to: refraction of light (A) reflection of light **(B)** (**C**) total internal reflection of light diffraction of light **(D)** 22. When a ray of light enters a glass slab from air: Its wavelength decreases. Its wavelength Increases. (A) **(B)** Neither wavelength nor frequency changes. **(C)** Its frequency Increases. **(D)** 23. A person is looking at the image of his face in a mirror by holding it close to his face. The image is virtual. When he moves the mirror away from his face, the image is inverted. What type of mirror is he using? (A) Plane mirror **(B)** Convex mirror (C) Concave mirror **(D)** None of these 24. Two objects A and B when placed in front of a concave mirror of focal length 7.5 cm, give images of equal size. If A is three times the size of B and is placed 30 cm from the mirror, what is the distance of B from the mirror? (C) (A) 10 cm **(B)** 12.5 cm 15 cm **(D**) 17.5 cm 25. A lens of power +2.0D is placed in contact with another lens of power -1.0D, the combination will behave like: A converging lens of focal length 100 cm (A) **(B)** A diverging lens of focal length 100 cm A converging lens of focal length 50 cm **(C) (D**) A diverging lens of focal length 50 cm SECTION - II [CHEMISTRY] 26. Which of the following represents a double displacement reaction?  $2H_2 + O_2 \longrightarrow 2H_2O$  $2Mg + O_2 \longrightarrow 2MgO$ **(A) (B)**  $H_2 + Cl_2 \longrightarrow 2HCl$  $AgNO_3 + NaCl \longrightarrow AgCl \downarrow + NaNO_3$ **(D) (C)** The reaction  $H_2 + Cl_2 \longrightarrow 2HCl$  is a: 27. Decomposition reaction Combination reaction **(A) (B) (C)** Double displacement reaction **(D)** Displacement reaction 28. Which of the following is a decomposition reaction?  $NH_4CNO \longrightarrow H_2NCONH_2$ **(A)**  $NaOH + HCl \longrightarrow NaCl + H_2O$ **(B) (C)**  $2KClO_3 \longrightarrow 2KCl + 3O_2$ **(D)**  $H_2 + I_2 \longrightarrow 2HI$ 29. Which of the following is a redox reaction?  $CaCO_3 \longrightarrow CaO + CO_2$ **(A) (B)**  $H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$  $CaO + 2HCl \longrightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O$ **(C)**  $NaOH + HCl \rightarrow NaCl + H_2O$ **(D)** 

30.	The re	eaction $C + O_2$ —	$\rightarrow CO_2$	+ Heat; is a/an:							
	(A)	Combination	reaction		<b>(B)</b>	Oxidation reac	tion				
	( <b>C</b> )	Exothermic re	eaction		( <b>D</b> )	All of the abov	ve				
31.	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	$+2Al \longrightarrow Al_2$	$D_3 + 2Fe$	. This reaction is	an exar	nple of:					
	(A)	Combination	reaction		<b>(B)</b>	Double displace	ement	reaction			
	( <b>C</b> )	Decompositio	on reaction	on	( <b>D</b> )	Displacement	reactior	1			
32.	When	When Iron nails are added to an aqueous solution of copper sulphate, a chemical change occurs. Which of the following is not true about this reaction?									
	(A)	Blue colour o	f the solu	tion fades	(B) Iron nails become brownish in colour						
	(C)	It is a displace	ement rea	action	(D)	Iron nails disso	olve con	npletely			
33.	10 ml we tal requir	of a solution of ke 20 mL of the red to neutralize	NaOH is same sol it will be ( <b>B</b> )	s found to be cor ution of NaOH, :: 8 mI	npletely the amo	neutralised by 8 ount HCl solution	nL of a (the sam	given solution of HCl. If me solution as before)			
	(11)	- IIIL	( <b>U</b> )	0 IIIL	(C)	12 IIIL	(D)	TO HIL			
34.	Acco	rding to Arrheni	us conce	pt, an acid gives:		C					
	(A)	H <sup>+</sup> in water	<b>(B)</b>	OH <sup>–</sup> in water	(C)	Both (A)&(B)	( <b>D</b> )	OH <sup>-</sup> in acid medium			
35.	Noble	e metals can diss	olve in:				/				
	(A)	Conc. HNO <sub>3</sub>	<b>(B</b> )	Conc. HCl	(C)	Conc. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	( <b>D</b> )	Aqua-regia			
36.	Soda ash is:										
	(A)	NaNO <sub>3</sub>	<b>(B</b> )	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	(C)	NaOH	<b>(D</b> )	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>			
37.	Whicl	h of the followin	ig is a ba	sic salt?							
	(A)	SnCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>(B)</b>	NaCl	( <b>C</b> )	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	<b>(D</b> )	CH <sub>3</sub> COONa			
38.	Fats +	$-NaOH \longrightarrow$	+ Glv	cerol. One of the	produc	ts formed in this i	eaction	is:			
000	(A)	Soap	( <b>B</b> )	Cloth	( <b>C</b> )	Paper	( <b>D</b> )	Wood			
20	() D	- omp			(0)		(_)				
39.	Potas	h alum 1s a:		Complete self	$(\mathbf{C})$	A					
	(A)	Simple sait	( <b>B</b> )	Complex sait	( <b>C</b> )	Acid sait	( <b>D</b> )	Double sait			
40.	What	happens when c	opper ro	d is dipped in iro	on sulph	ate solution?					
	(A) Copper displaces iron										
	( <b>B</b> )	Blue colour o	f copper	sulphate solution	n is obta	is obtained					
	( <b>C</b> )	No reaction ta	ikes plac	e	( <b>D</b> )	reaction is exo	thermic				
41.	Which	Which of the following is true for Plaster of Paris?									
	(A)	(A) It is obtained by adding water to calcium sulphate dihydrate									
	( <b>B</b> )	<b>B</b> ) It is obtained by cooling gypsum to a very low temperature									
	(C)	Ithardens on c	combinat	10n with water	( <b>D</b> )	Ithardens by re	eleasing	; out water			
42.	Which	h of the followin	ig is not i	rue for Washing	Soda?			~			
	(A)	It is the sodiu	m salt of	carbonic acid sy	/nthesize	ed by a process k	nown a	s Solvay's process			
	( <b>R</b> )	It is used as a	bleach f	or tabrics such a	s cotton	and linen	lorida	w treating it with lime			
	(U) (D)	Used for soft	nuie, am	ntonia is regener d water	aleu IfC			by treating it with fille			
	(12)		ming nat	a multi							

43.	Some s	stale food gives	a bad tas	te and a bad sme	ell becau	ise of:					
	(A)	Corrosion	<b>(B</b> )	Displacement	( <b>C</b> )	Heating	<b>(D</b> )	Rancidity			
44.	Quick two pr describ (A)	<ul><li>Quick lime (CaO-calcium oxide) reaction with water is regarded as exothermic. A student mixes thes two products in a test tube and touches its side surface. Which of the following statement correctl describes the student's observation?</li><li>(A) the test tube becomes cold due to release of heat.</li></ul>									
	(B) (C) (D)	the test tube be the test tube be the test tube be	ecomes h ecomes h ecomes c	ot due to release ot due to absorp old due to absor	e of heat tion of h ption of	neat. heat.					
45.	In the	balanced equation $a \operatorname{Fe_2O_3} + b \operatorname{H_2}$	n ® <i>c</i> Fe	$+ d H_2O$							
	(A)	1, 1, 2, 3	( <b>B</b> )	1, 1, 1, 1	( <b>C</b> )	1, 3, 2, 3	(D)	1, 2, 2, 3			
46.	Identif	by the element with $A_2O_3 + 2B \rightarrow 3$ $3DO + 2A \rightarrow 3$	hich is m $B_2O_3 + 2$ $A_2O + 3$	oost reactive. A 8D	3CSO	$_{4} + 2B \rightarrow B_{2}(SC)$	$D_4$ ) + 3C				
	(A)	А	<b>(B</b> )	В	(C)	D	( <b>D</b> )	None of these			
47.	What a	are (x) and (y) in $MnO_2 + 4HCl$ Cl and $H_2O$	the follo $\rightarrow$ MnC ( <b>B</b> )	owing reaction relation $l_2 + (x) + (y)$	espective	ely?		Cl and 2H			
48.	(The ch (A) (C)	emical reaction evolution of hy lowering in ter	between drogen g	quicklime and v gas e of mixture	vater is c (B) (D)	characterized by formation of s change in colo	: laked lin	ne precipitate e product			
49.	Which (A) (C)	one of the follo combustion of reaction betwe	wing is a carbon en NaOH	n endothermic r H and HCl	eaction? (B) (D)	1? adding ammonium chloride to water reaction between Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>					
50.	<ul> <li>(c) reaction between reaction between ca(OT)<sup>2</sup> and T<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>SO<sup>4</sup></li> <li>One of the following does not happen during a chemical reaction. This is:</li> <li>(A) breaking of old chemical bonds and formation of new chemical bonds</li> <li>(B) formation of new substance with different properties</li> <li>(C) atoms of one element change into those of another element to form new products</li> <li>(D) a rearrangement of atoms takes place to form new products.</li> </ul>										
				SECTION – II	I [BIO	LOGY]					
51.	Which (A)	of the following It is organic in	g stateme nature o	ent is true regard nly, required for	ing nutri life pro	ients? cesses					

- Both organic and in organic in nature. Required for life process. **(B)**
- **(C)** They donot provide energy-in any term
- **(D**) Their deficiency has no effect

#### 52. Nutrition is a process of:

Intake of food only **(A)** 

- Absorption of water
- **(C)** Intake as well as utilization of nutrients (**D**)
- - Elimination of food and gases

**(B)** 

53.	Which	n of the following	g is a pro	eferred source	of energy	for living organi	sm?					
	(A)	Carbohydrate	<b>(B)</b>	protein	( <b>C</b> )	fat	<b>(D</b> )	Minerals				
54.	Fats a (A) (B) (C) (D)	<ul> <li>Fats are preferred for storage by animals because:</li> <li>(A) It has high oxygen content and get oxidized easily</li> <li>(B) Require very less amount of oxygen far its oxidation.</li> <li>(C) require CO<sub>2</sub> far its oxidation</li> <li>(D) It has low O<sub>2</sub> content and require amount of O<sub>2</sub> far its oxidation.</li> </ul>										
55.	Find t (A) (B) (C) (D)	he odd one with r require CO <sub>2</sub> as require organic H <sub>2</sub> O can be use require sunligh	respect source compo ed as so t for en	to autotrophic of carbon ound as source urce of electro ergy	nutrition: of carbon							
56.	How (A) (A) (B) (C) (D)	do decomposers of By simple intal Digestion prim Absorbed food Feed on other l	obtain th ke of fo ely out in solu iving o	neir nutrients. ood and then di side of the bo tion form and rganisms	igestion dy and then then digest	n absorbed diges tion within body	ted food					
57.	Which (A)	n one of the follow Dodder	wing is ( <b>B</b> )	parasitic plant Lotus	:? (C)	Trypanosoma	(D)	Plasmodium				
58.	What (A) (B) (C) (D)	is correct regardi Conversion of Fixation of ino Fixation of org (A) and (B)	ng phot CO <sub>2</sub> int rganic c anic co	cosynthesis? to Glucose in p carbon into org mpound into r	presence of ganic carbo nore compl	sunlight on with the help of lex organic com	of solar e pound	energy.				
59.	In giv	en following reac	tion fin	d the source o	of oxygen							
	$CO_2 + H_2O \xrightarrow{Chlorophyll} C_6H_{12}O_6 + H_2O + O_2 \uparrow$											
	(A) (D)	CO <sub>2</sub> Chlarophyll	( <b>B</b> )	H <sub>2</sub> O	(C)	Both CO <sub>2</sub> and	H <sub>2</sub> O					
60.	Oxyge (A) (C)	en evolution takes Light independ Bio–synthetic 1	s place lent read reaction	during: ction	(B) (D)	Calvin cycle Photochemica	l reaction	n				
61	Which (A) (C)	n of the products NADPH <sub>2</sub> only NADPH <sub>2</sub> + AT	of light TP	dependent rea	(B) (D)	NADH <sub>2</sub> + AT ATP only	Р					
62.	Assim (A) (C)	ilatory power is NADPH <sub>2</sub> + AT ATPonly	$P + O_2$	·	(B) (D)	NADPH <sub>2</sub> + A' NADPH <sub>2</sub> only	ГР					
63.	Find t (A) (B)	he correct sequen Absorption of s power. Photolysis of w	the of provide the sunlight vater $\rightarrow$	rocess in light t by chlorophy Absorption of	reaction: (11 $\rightarrow$ Photo Sunlight b	olysis of water — y chlorophyll→	<ul> <li>Produc</li> <li>Producti</li> </ul>	tion of Assimilatory on of NADPH $_2 + A^2$				
	( <b>C</b> )	Breaking up of	water -	$\rightarrow$ Production	of Assimila	atory power $\rightarrow$ P	oducing	of Glucose				

Photolysis  $\rightarrow$  Calvin cycle  $\rightarrow$  Respiration **(D)** 

ATP

64.	Which reaction correctly represents photolysis of water during light reaction?									
	(A)	$H_2O \rightarrow H^+ + OH^-$				$2H_2O + 4H^+ + 4e^- + O_2$				
	( <b>C</b> )	$H_2O \rightarrow H_2 + \left[ e^{-2} \right]$	$O_2^-$		<b>(D</b> )	$H_2O \rightarrow 2H^+ +$	[0-]			
65.	What i	s phosphorylatio	n?	-1	<b>(D</b> )	Due la clience fo			11.	
	(A) (C)	Production of e	energy ri energy ri	ch ATP molecul	( <b>B</b> ) le( <b>D</b> )	formation of A	TP by b	breaking ADP.	Siecule	
66.	Oxidat (A) (C) (D)	<ul> <li>ative phosphorylation is different from photophosphorylation as:</li> <li>It produces ADP by using solar energy (B) It produces ATP by using solar energy</li> <li>It produces ADP from ATP</li> <li>It produces ATP by using energy released during chemical oxidation</li> </ul>								
67.	Primar (A)	y CO <sub>2</sub> acceptor i RuBP	n Calvir ( <b>B</b> )	n cycle (C <sub>3</sub> – Cyc NADPH <sub>2</sub>	cle) is: (C)	ATP	(D)	PGA		
68.	Which (A)	n of the followin Elephant	ng has p ( <b>B</b> )	oarasitic mode o Tape worm	of nutrit (C)	tion? Pig	( <b>D</b> )	Vulture		
69.	Which (A)	n of the followin Pepsin	ng enzy ( <b>B</b> )	me helps in dig Rennin	gestion of (C)	of sugars in buc Amylase	cal cav ( <b>D</b> )	rity? Lipase		
70.	How r (A)	nany milk teeth 32	(decidu ( <b>B</b> )	ous or tempora	ary teeth (C)	n) does a humai 12	n have? ( <b>D</b> )	20		
71.	The lo (A)	ongest part of th Duodenum	e large ( <b>B</b> )	intestine is kno Jejunum	own as: (C)	Rectum	( <b>D</b> )	Colon		
72.	The B digest	ile juice is relea ?	ased in s	small intestine	from ga	lll bladder, whi	ch part	of food does	it helps to	
	(A)	Sugars	<b>(B)</b>	Nucelic Acids	s ( <b>D</b> )	Vitamin C	<b>(D</b> )	Fats		
73.	Which	n of the followin	ng disor	ders is caused	due to c	leficiency of vi	tamin A	Α?		
	(A)	Cataract			<b>(B)</b>	Scurvy				
	( <b>C</b> )	Night Blindne	ess		<b>(D</b> )	Color blindne	SS			
74.	Where	e does the major	r excha	nge of gases tal	ke place	e with the blood	l stream	n in the lungs'	?	
	(A) (C)	Alveoli Traches			(B)	Nasal Chamb	er			
		i i aciiea	c		(U)	Bronemoies				
75.	Rhyth	Muscles of D	ot whi	ch muscles ass	sociated	I with ribs help	in respi	iration?		
	(A) (C)	Muscles of sto	omach	111	(D) (D)	Both (A) and	( <b>B</b> )			
	(-)				(-)		(-)			

8

#### SECTION - IV [MENTAL ABILITY]

#### Directions for Q. Nos. 76 to 78:

Raju is a carpenter. He has five tools with which he works. They are A, B, C, D and E. Each of them has a different weight as given below:

- (i) A weighs twice as much as B
- (ii) B weighs four and half as much as D
- (iii) C weighs half as much as D
- (iv) D weighs half as much as E
- (v) E weighs less than A but more than C
- 76. Which of the following is the most light in weight?
  (A) A
  (B) D
  (C) B
  77. Which of the following is most heavy in weight?
- (A) A (B) B (C) C
- 78. Which of the following represents the descending order of weights of tools?
  (A) B, D, E, A, C
  (B) A, B, E, D, C
  (C) B, D, E, C, A
  (D) E, C, D, A, B
- **79.** Nisha returned home three days earlier than the time she had told her mother, her sister Joya reached five days later than the day Nisha was supposed to return. If Joya returned on Thursday on what day did Nisha return?

**(D)** 

**(D**)

С

D

(A) Tuesday (B) Wednesday (C) Saturday (D) Friday

80. Bablu has Rs. 480 in the denominations of one rupee notes, five rupee notes and ten rupee notes. The number of notes of each denomination is equal. What is the total no. of notes that he has?
(A) 45
(B) 90
(C) 60
(D) 75

- **81.** Five boys took part in a race. Raj finished before Mohit but behind Gaurav. Ashish finished before Sanchit but behind Mohit. Who won the race?
  - (A) Raj (B) Gaurav (C) Mohit (D) Ashish
- **82.** Leela's score is higher than Madhu. Shabnam's score is lower than Seema. Nisha's score is higher than Seema but lower than Madhu. Who among them scores the highest?
  - (A) Leela (B) Madhu (C) Shabnam (D) Seema
- **83.** Ravi's age is just double to the age of Mohan. Shyam is 3 years younger to Ravi. If Mohan's age is 5 years, then the age of Shyam will be:
  - (A) 5 years (B) 7 years (C) 8 years (D) 6 years
- **84.** Pointing to a photograph, a man said, "I have no brother or sister but that man's father is my father's son". Whose photograph was it?
  - (A) His nephews (B) His father's (C) His son's (D) His own
- **85.** Ram is the brother of Deepak, Sunita is sister of Rajesh, Deepak is the son of Sunita. How is Ram related to Sunita?
  - (A) Son (B) Brother (C) Nephew (D) Father

86.	Which of the following diagrams indicates the best relation between Mercury, Zinc and Metal?										
	(A)		<b>(B)</b>	$\bigcirc$	)(C)	$\bigcirc \bigcirc$	( <b>D</b> )	$\bigcirc$			
87.	A girl	is facing south.	She tur	ns 60° in the clo	ckwise	direction and the	n turns	$105^{\circ}$ in the anticlockwise			
	direction	on. In which dire	ection is	she now facing	?						
	(A)	South-East	<b>(B</b> )	East	( <b>C</b> )	North – East	<b>(D</b> )	South-West			
88.	A wate	ch reads 4 : 30. I	f the mi	nute-hand points	to East	, in which direction	on does	the hour-hand point?			
	(A)	North – East	<b>(B</b> )	South-East	( <b>C</b> )	North – West	<b>(D</b> )	North			
89.	A man	walked 3 metre	e toward	ls north, turned	west an	d walked 2 metre	e then tu	urned north and walked 1			
	metre a	and finally turne	d east a	nd walked 5 met	re. How	far is he from the	e startin	g point?			
	(A)	5 metre	<b>(B)</b>	8 metre	( <b>C</b> )	10 metre	( <b>D</b> )	12 metre			
90.	A frier	nd of mine came	to mee	t me every Sund	lay. The	e first time he car	ne at 12	: 30; the next time at 1 :			
	20 the	en at $2 \cdot 30$ then	at $4.00^{-1}$	when did he turn	up the	time after that?					
	(A)	1 30	( <b>B</b> )	5 50	$(\mathbf{C})$	5 30		5 20			
	(11)	т.50	(1)	5.50	(0)	5.50	(D)	5.20			
	SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK										

୬୬୬୬End of VIQ Sample Paper | 2 Year Medical ଏବ୍ୟ ସ୍ଥି ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସିହାର ସ

		2	2 Year Medi	cal Sample Paper   Answer	Кеу		
	Code - A	Code A				Code-A	Code-A
S. No.	Answer Key	Difficulty	Code-A Subject	Chapter Name	Code-A Skill	+ve marks	-ve marks
1	В	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Application	4	1
2	A	Medium	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Application	4	1
3	D	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
4	A	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
5	В	Medium	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Numerical	4	1
6	С	Difficult	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Application	4	1
7	D	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Memory	4	1
8	В	Medium	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
9	D	Medium	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Application	4	1
10	D	Easy	Physics	Human Eye and Colourful world	Memory	4	1
11	А	Difficult	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
12	В	Difficult	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
13	С	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Application	4	1
14	D	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Application	4	1
15	В	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
16	А	Easy	Physics	Human Eye and Colourful world	Conceptual	4	1
17	А	Easy	Physics	Human Eye and Colourful world	Conceptual	4	1
18	В	Easy	Physics	Human Eye and Colourful world	Conceptual	4	1
19	D	Easy	Physics	Human Eye and Colourful world	Memory	4	1
20	А	Easy	Physics	Human Eye and Colourful world	Conceptual	4	1
21	С	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
22	А	Medium	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
23	С	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
24	С	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Conceptual	4	1
25	А	Easy	Physics	Light reflection and refraction	Memory	4	1
26	С	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
27	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
28	С	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
29	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Application	4	1
30	D	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Memory	4	1
31	D	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
32	D	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
33	D	Moderate	Chemistry	Acids, Bases and Salts	Calculation	4	1
34	А	Difficult	Chemistry	Acids, Bases and Salts	Conceptual	4	1
35	D	Easy	Chemistry	Acids Bases and Salts	Memory	4	1
36	В	Easy	Chemistry	Acids, Bases and Salts	Memory	4	1
37	D	, Moderate	, Chemistrv	Acids, Bases and Salts	Application	4	1
38	А	Easv	Chemistrv	Acids, Bases and Salts	Conceptual	4	1
39	D	Easy	, Chemistry	Acids, Bases and Salts	Memory	4	1

S. No.	Code - A Answer Key	Code A Difficulty	Code-A Subject	Chapter Name	Code-A Skill	Code-A +ve marks	Code-A -ve marks
40	С	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
41	С	Easy	Chemistry	Acids Bases & Salts	Conceptual	4	1
42	В	Easy	Chemistry	Acids Bases & Salts	Conceptual	4	1
43	D	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Application	4	1
44	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Memory	4	1
45	С	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Memory	4	1
46	С	Medium	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Application	4	1
47	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Conceptual	4	1
48	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Memory	4	1
49	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Memory	4	1
50	В	Easy	Chemistry	Chemical Reactions and Equations	Memory	4	1
51	В	Medium	Biology	life Process	Conceptual	4	1
52	С	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
53	А	Easy	Biology	life Process	Application	4	1
54	D	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
55	В	Difficult	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
56	В	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
57	А	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
58	D	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
59	В	Moderate	Biology	life Process	Conceptual	4	1
60	D	Moderate	Biology	life Process	Conceptual	4	1
61	С	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
62	В	Moderate	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
63	А	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
64	В	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
65	С	Moderate	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
66	D	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
67	А	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
68	В	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
69	С	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
70	D	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
71	D	Moderate	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
72	D	Moderate	Biology	life Process	Conceptual	4	1
73	С	Easy	Biology	life Process	Application	4	1
74	Α	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
75	В	Easy	Biology	life Process	Memory	4	1
76	D	Easy	Mental Ability	Logical Deduction	Application	4	1
77	А	Easy	Mental Ability	Logical Deduction	Conceptual	4	1
78	В	Medium	Mental Ability	Logical Deduction	Application	4	1
79	В	Easy	Mental Ability	Relations	Application	4	1

S. No.	Code - A Answer Key	Code A Difficulty	Code-A Subject	Chapter Name	Code-A Skill	Code-A +ve marks	Code-A -ve marks
80	В	Medium	Mental Ability	Counting	Application	4	1
81	В	Easy	Mental Ability	Logical Deduction	Conceptual	4	1
82	А	Medium	Mental Ability	Logical Deduction	Application	4	1
83	В	Easy	Mental Ability	Mathematical logic	Application	4	1
84	D	Medium	Mental Ability	Relations	Conceptual	4	1
85	А	Easy	Mental Ability	Relations	Conceptual	4	1
86	В	Easy	Mental Ability	Venn Diagram	Application	4	1
87	А	Easy	Mental Ability	Direction sense	Conceptual	4	1
88	А	Difficult	Mental Ability	Time logic	Application	4	1
89	A	Easy	Mental Ability	Direction sense	Conceptual	4	1
90	В	Easy	Mental Ability	Logical Deduction	Application	4	1

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